

April 22, 2014

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Willow Park

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Willow Park, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2014. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated November 22, 2013. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Willow Park, Texas are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the City changed accounting policies by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 63, Financing Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities in 2013. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. Attached is a list of misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures that were corrected by management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction that could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 22, 2014.

Management Consultation with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City of Willow Park's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Should you desire further information concerning these matters, Mr. Peter Morgan will be happy to meet with you at your convenience.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City of Willow Park, Texas, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Steep, Magn Local, P.C.

GEORGE, MORGAN & SNEED, P.C.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

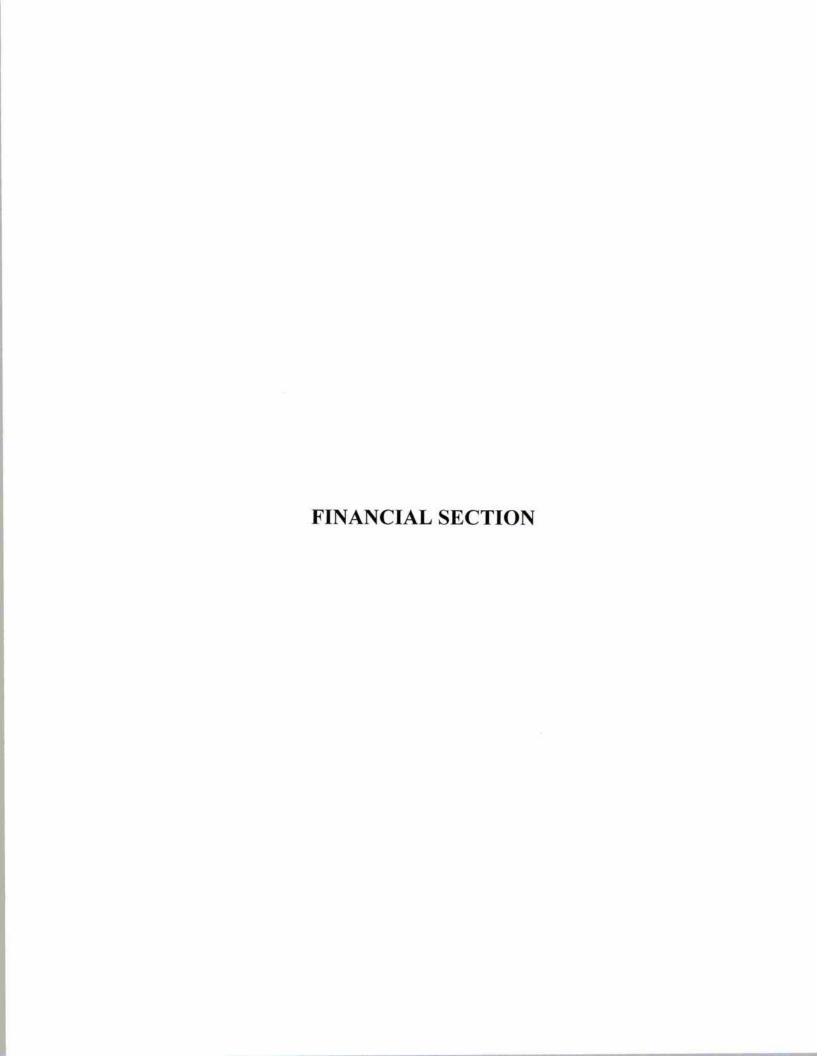


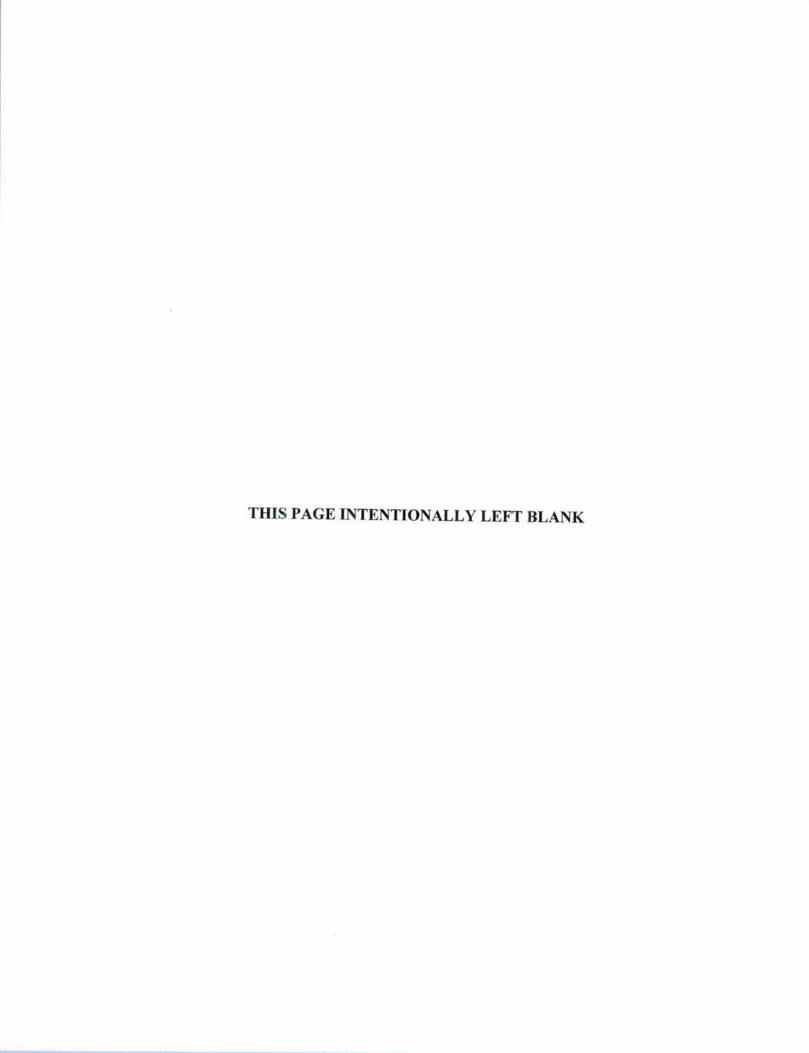
Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Willow Park, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Willow Park, Texas, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-11 and budgetary comparison information and Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress on pages 44-46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental funds financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor governmental funds financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted

in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

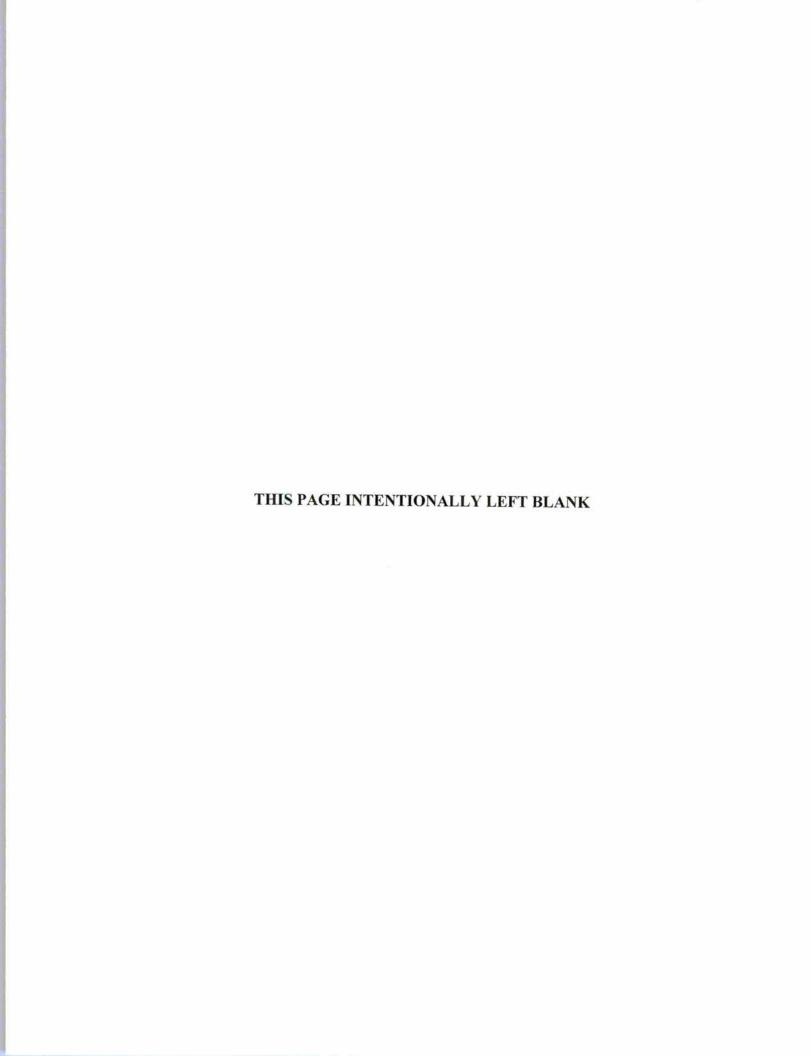
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 5, 2015, on our consideration of the City Willow Park, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

George, Morgan & Sneed, P.C.

George, Mogun Sneed, P.C.

Weatherford, Texas

May 5, 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of The City of Willow Park, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Willow Park's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Willow Park exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,859,626 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,382,174 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$310,254. The City's governmental activities
 net position increased by \$458,128 and the business-type activities net position decreased
 \$147,874.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,504,794, or 63% of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Willow Park's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include administration, development services, municipal court, police, fire and rescue, public works parks and roads and tourism. The business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater, and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Willow Park Fire and Rescue for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A-1 and B-1 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C-1 through C-4 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater and solid waste operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and wastewater funds, which are considered major funds. Data from the other enterprise fund is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits D-1 through D-3 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-43 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 44-46 of this report.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds statements are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These statements can be found on Exhibits F-1 through F-2 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,859,626 as of September 30, 2014.

The largest portion of the City's net position (61%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

\$512,003 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The \$3,382,174 balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The following is a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Net Position

		Governme	nta	l Activities		Business-	typ	e Activities		7	ot	al
		2014		2013		2014	30000	2013	-	2014		2013
Current and other assets	\$	1,983,809	\$	1,652,126	\$	4,184,309	- \$	4,600,246	\$	6,168,118	\$	6,252,372
Capital assets		4,664,858		4,918,917		7,263,943		6,439,045	~	11,928,801	*	11,357,962
Total Assets		6,648,667	- 1	6,571,043		11,448,252	_	11,039,291		18,096,919		17,610,334
Long-term liabilities		4,401,821		4,809,093		2,885,694		2,539,313		7,287,515		7,348,406
Other liabilities		152,987		126,219		726,161		515,707		879,148		641,926
Total liabilities		4,554,808		4,935,312		3,611,855	-	3,055,020		8,166,663		7,990,332
Deferred revenue Total deferred inflows	-	-				70,630	-	70,630		70,630		70,630
of resources	-	-				70,630		70,630		70,630		70,630
Net Position:												
Invested in capital assets net of related debt Restricted		339,882		178,318		5,625,567		5,041,785		5,965,449		5,220,103
		110,761		91,446		401,242		490,734		512,003		582,180
Unrestricted	-	1,643,216		1,365,967		1,738,958	0.4	2,381,122	<u>.</u>	3,382,174		3,747,089
Total Net Position	\$ =	2,093,859	\$=	1,635,731	\$_	7,765,767	\$	7,913,641	\$	9,859,626	\$	9,549,372

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$458,128 in the current year. Total governmental activities revenues decreased \$65,419 (2%) primarily due to a decrease in fines and fees of \$50,374, a decrease in licenses and permits of \$116,464, and an increase in sales taxes of \$139,069. Total expenses decreased \$235,563 primarily due to \$195,500 street improvements that were not capital in nature in the prior year.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$147,874. Total business-type activities revenues decreased \$318,984 (14%) primarily due to a \$250,000 contribution from a developer for the construction of a water well in the prior year and not receiving any impact fees in the current year. Expenses decreased \$94,013 primarily due to personnel costs and attorney fees. During 2014 the City accrued a payable of \$220,000 for the settlement of a lawsuit in the wastewater fund.

The following is a summary of the City's Statement of Activities.

Statement of Activities

	-	Governme	nta	Activities	24	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	al
	_	2014		2013		2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues:				*	500				
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	383,885	\$	554,439 \$	\$	2,037,347 \$	2,104,569 \$	2,421,232 \$	2,659,008
Operating grants and contributions		5,703		5,479			No.	5,703	5,479
Capital grants and contributions		2		22,000		1,239	250,000	1,239	272,000
General revenues:									
Property taxes		1,525,133		1,550,934		-		1,525,133	1,550,934
Sales taxes		849,687		710,618		*	(<u>#</u>)	849,687	710,618
Franchise taxes		231,847		210,474		-		231,847	210,474
Hotel Occupancy taxes		14,617		18,745		-	175	14,617	18,745
Investment earnings		1,241		1,766		4,082	7,083	5,323	8,849
Other revenue		40,088	_	43,165				40,088	43,165
Total revenues	-	3,052,201	-	3,117,620		2,042,668	2,361,652	5,094,869	5,479,272
Expenses									
Administration		310,097		455,307		5	72	310,097	455,307
Development services		196,748		249,750		=	-	196,748	249,750
Legislative		67,967		•		*		67,967	- +
Municipal court		94,808		117,187				94,808	117,187
Police		1,016,330		967,888		ŝ		1,016,330	967,888
Fire and rescue		569,624		541,718		2		569,624	541,718
Public works parks & roads		358,147		508,294		2	121	358,147	508,294
Tourism		5,457		10,626		8	(*C	5,457	10,626
Interest on long-term debt		86,797		90,768		E	-	86,797	90,768
Water				2		1,317,024	1,367,138	1,317,024	1,367,138
Wastewater				97		362,353	405,890	362,353	405,890
Solid Waste						179,263	179,625	179,263	179,625
Total expenses	_	2,705,975		2,941,538	Ξ	1,858,640	1,952,653	4,564,615	4,894,191
Increase (decrease) in net position								240	
before transers and special items		346,226		176,082		184,028	408,999	530,254	585,081
Transfers		111,902				(111,902)	-	4	-
Lawsuit settlement					_	(220,000)	¥	(220,000)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		458,128		176,082		(147,874)	408,999	310,254	585,081
Net Position October 1	_	1,635,731		1,459,649	_	7,913,641	7,504,642	9,549,372	8,964,291
Net Position September 30	\$_	2,093,859	\$_	1,635,731 \$	<u> </u>	7,765,767 \$	7,913,641 \$	9,859,626 \$	9,549,372

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in

assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,504,974. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 63% of the total general fund expenditures. Fund balance of the general fund increased \$300,909.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$9,514, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's water fund, wastewater fund and solid waste fund are enterprise funds that comprise the City's proprietary funds. Unrestricted net position of the water fund, wastewater fund and solid waste fund at the end of the year amounted to \$2,767,526, (\$1,110,724) and \$82,156 respectively. The total change in net position for the three funds was \$57,506, (\$231,806) and \$26,426 respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund budget was amended one time during the year. The most significant changes were increases the sales tax revenue and increasing public works and fire department expenditures for road improvements and refinancing the fire engine from VFD to City ownership. Budgeted revenue was increased \$80,698 and budgeted expenditures were increased \$579,902.

During the year, actual revenues were \$42,544 greater than budgeted and actual expenditures were \$732,689 less than budgeted. The administration department actual expenditures exceeded the budget by \$64,830 because the City budgeted the City Administrator and the Budget and Financial Analyst's salaries to be split between the general, water and wastewater funds, but they were not split.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2014, amounts to \$11,928,801 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and water and wastewater systems.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

• (29) Computers for \$44,324.

Business-type activities:

- Water system improvements for \$47,466.
- Engineering and construction as of September 30, 2014 on 3 lift stations in the amount of \$949,027.
- Engineering during 2014 on water line rehabilitation in the amount of \$74,419.

The City of Willow Park's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities			 Business-t	Activities	Total				
		2014	2 12	2013	 2014		2013		2014		2013
Land	\$	126,024	\$	126,024	\$ 383,897	\$	383,897	\$	509,921	\$	509,921
Construction in progress		21,650			1,039,831		16,385		1,061,481		16,385
Buildings and improvements	;	284,079		295,649	59,428		61,404		343,507		357,053
Furniture and equipment		75,023		26,255	30,237		9,081		105,260		35,336
Vehicles		118,859		163,889	36,240		57,215		155,099		221,104
Infrastructure		4,039,223		4,307,100			7.		4,039,223		4,307,100
Water system		-		· ·	4,873,946		5,032,793		4,873,946		5,032,793
Wastewater system		-		100	 840,364		878,270		840,364		878,270
Total	\$_	4,664,858	\$	4,918,917	\$ 7,263,943	\$	6,439,045	\$	11,928,801	\$	11,357,962

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the City had \$6,802,618 in bonds and leases outstanding, a decrease of \$699 from the prior year. \$6,065,000 are general obligation bonds that are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. \$685,000 are certificates of obligation secured by surplus revenues of the water and wastewater fund and ad valorem taxes. The City also had \$52,618 in capital leases outstanding.

City of Willow Park's Outstanding Debt

	144	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-t	ype	Activities	 7	ota	l
	100	2014	S 10	2013		2014	22 72	2013	 2014	/A N	2013
Capital leases	\$	52,618	\$	103,317	\$	5=3	\$	(#)	\$ 52,618	\$	103,317
General Obligation Bonds		4,040,000		4,375,000		2,025,000		2,325,000	6,065,000		6,700,000
Certificates of Obligation	74				er 91	685,000			 685,000		-
Total	\$	4,092,618	\$	4,478,317	\$	2,710,000	\$	2,325,000	\$ 6,802,618	\$	6,803,317

More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

For FY 2014-15 the city anticipates increased ad valorem revenues and sales tax revenues. The completion of the apartment complex and several other small commercial buildings should increase the city's overall property tax base. The city has also seen a steady trend in increasing sales tax collections. The city has also implemented stricter financial controls and taken a more active approach towards the city's investments which should strengthen the city's cash flow position. The city will also implement a new water, wastewater, and solid waste rate schedule which should generate additional revenue for the various utility funds.

In FY 2014-15, the city will be implementing a capital replacement program which will help offset and smooth out the cost of maintaining and updating the city's vehicle fleet. In FY 2014-15 the city will also be incorporating the Fire Department as a General Fund department instead of a component unit of government funded by a series of transfers.

For FY 2015-16, the city anticipates increased ad valorem revenues and sales tax revenues. The city does anticipate the high growth rates of it sales tax receipts to level off to moderate growth rates. The rate study conducted for the water, wastewater, and solid wasted funds has been completed. The new rates were implemented this fiscal year and the new revenues will ensure the funds cover their expenses.

In FY 2015-16 the city will improve upon the FY 2014-15 capital replacement program with a capital improvement plan. This will help the city plan and budget future capital needs such as fleet replacement, infrastructure improvements, facilities, and technology improvements.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 516 Ranch House Road, Willow Park, Texas 76087.



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Statement of Net Position September 30, 2014

			Prima	ry Government		Comp	onent Unit	
	Go	vernmental		siness-type		Willow Park		
		Activities		Activities	Total		and Rescue	
ASSETS:	-	retivities	_	Tetrities	 Total	- 11101	and resour	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,266,600	\$	2,580,693	\$ 3,847,293	\$	180,013	
Certificates of deposit		294,930	•	27,366	 322,296		100,015	
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles)		271,750		27,500	522,270			
Property taxes		9,318		-	9,318			
Sales taxes		142,919		:52 26	142,919		1000	
Franchise taxes		132,018		1570 1001	132,018		1973 1921	
Accounts		152,016		310,012	310,012		1-53 1921	
Miscellaneous		108,505		310,012				
Internal balances				(20.510)	108,505			
Restricted assets:		29,519		(29,519)	5-5		-	
Cash and investments				(11 (02	611 602			
		-		611,683	611,683		-	
Certificates of deposit				684,074	684,074		0.40	
Capital assets:		T111000000000						
Nondepreciable		147,674		1,423,728	1,571,402		(4)	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	-	4,517,184		5,840,215	10,357,399		512,098	
Total Assets		6,648,667	-	11,448,252	 18,096,919		692,111	
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable		88,802		369,952	458,754		6,046	
Payroll liabilities		32,614		16,216	48,830		17,010	
Court costs and bonds payable		16,348			16,348			
Lawsuit settlement payable		-		220,000	220,000		-	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					,			
Interest payable		15,223		9,386	24,609		7,027	
Customer deposits		,		110,607	110,607		-	
Noncurrent liabilities:				110,007	110,007			
Due Within One Year		489,463		351,500	840,963		24,963	
Due in More Than One Year		3,912,358		2,534,194	6,446,552		170,575	
Total Liabilities		4,554,808		3,611,855	8,166,663		225,621	
DEFENDED INELOWS OF DESCRIPCES.								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Inflows		-		70,630	70,630		_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		•		70,630	70,630		-	
NET POSITION:								
		220 992		5 (25 5/2	E 065 440		216 560	
Investments in Capital Assets, Net of Debt		339,882		5,625,567	5,965,449		316,560	
Restricted Net Assets (Expendable)		0.511						
Debt service		9,514		(7)	9,514		=	
Municipal court		26,896		(- 0	26,896		5	
Police		37,634			37,634		5	
Tourism		15,437			15,437		8	
Impact fees				401,242	401,242		•	
Public educational governmental fees		21,280		(1.000 p.m.) - 1.000 p.m.)	21,280			
Unrestricted Net Position		1,643,216		1,738,958	3,382,174		149,930	
Total Net Position	\$	2,093,859	\$	7,765,767	\$ 9,859,626	\$	466,490	

CITY OF WILLOW PARK, TEXAS Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			-		Progr	am Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services	G	Operating Grants and Intributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions
Primary Government						THE GLICIES	Con	uibutions
Governmental activities:								
Administration	\$	310,097	\$	10-1	\$		\$	- 20
Development services		196,748		195,780	100	2		(Z)
Legislative		67,967		# 1		0		
Municipal court		94,808		13,290		9		
Police		1,016,330		174,815		670		
Fire and rescue		569,624		,		1,666		- 5
Public works parks & roads		358,147				3,367		
Tourism		5,457				5,507		-
Interest on long-term debt		86,797		140		7		-
Total governmental activities	_	2,705,975		383,885		5,703	-	
Business-type activities:								
Water		1,317,024		1,466,277				1.220
Wastewater		362,353		365,398		1.50		1,239
Solid Waste		179,263		205,672		- 5		-
Total business-type activities	_	1,858,640	2	2,037,347	:	-	1418/2014	1,239
Total primary government	<u>s</u>	4,564,615	\$	2,421,232	\$	5,703	S	1,239
Component Unit								
Fire and Rescue	\$	663,098	\$		\$	624.055	•	
	\$	663,098	\$		\$	624,955	\$	
		000,000	Ψ-			624,955	3	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales and use

Franchise

Hotel occupancy tax

Investment Earnings

Gain (loss) on sale of captial assets

Other revenue

Transfers

Special item

Lawsuit settlement

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Comp	onent Unit					
overnmental Activities	siness-type acitvities	-	Total	Willow Park Fire and Rescue			
\$ (310,097)	\$ -	\$	(310,097)	\$			
(968)	-		(968)				
(67,967)	-		(67,967)				
(81,518)	1 +		(81,518)		*		
(840,845)	1.50		(840,845)		-		
(567,958)	*		(567,958)				
(354,780)	100		(354,780)		*		
(5,457)	18		(5,457)		*		
(86,797)			(86,797)	-			
(2,316,387)		1	(2,316,387)				
N=3	150,492		150,492		~		
127	3,045		3,045		2		
-	26,409		26,409		4		
	179,946		179,946		-		
\$ (2,316,387)	\$ 179,946	\$	(2,136,441)	\$	•		
\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$	(38,14		
\$	\$	\$	-	\$	(38,14		

\$		\$	-	\$	*	\$	(38,143)
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	(38,143)
20		120		7524	00/25/00 0004		
\$	1,019,614	\$	*	\$	1,019,614	\$	*
	505,519		8		505,519		=
	849,687		₩		849,687		8
	231,847		₩.		231,847		-
	14,617		-		14,617		-
	1,241		4,082		5,323		47
	. 9		-				7,500
	40,088		51		40,088		9,799
	111,902		(111,902)		÷.		
			(220,000)		(220,000)		
	2,774,515		(327,820)	-	2,446,695	-	17,346
	458,128		(147,874)		310,254		(20,797)
	1,635,731	_	7,913,641		9,549,372		487,287
\$	2,093,859	\$	7,765,767	\$	9,859,626	\$	466,490

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

ASSETS	General	S	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,179,294	\$	1,000	\$	86,306	\$	1,266,600
Certificates of deposit	294,930		-				294,930
Receivables (Net of allowances							T. 15-11-31
for uncollectibles)							
Property taxes	9,318		-				9,318
Sales taxes	142,919		-				142,919
Franchise taxes	132,018		-		~		132,018
Miscellaneous	105,287		+		3,218		108,505
Due from other funds	21,005		8,514			-	29,519
Total assets	\$ 1,884,771	\$	9,514	\$	89,524	\$	1,983,809
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 79,245	\$	-	\$	9,557	\$	88,802
Payroll liabilities	32,614		¥	1000	-	Ψ.	32,614
Court costs and bonds payable	16,348					2	16,348
Total liabilities	128,207				9,557	12.	137,764
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred revenue	230,490		-				230,490
Total deferred inflows of resources	230,490						230,490
Fund balances:							
Restricted	21,280		9,514		79,967		110 761
Unassigned	1,504,794		7,514		19,907		110,761
50		_				_	1,504,794
Total fund balances	1,526,074		9,514	_	79,967		1,615,555
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances	\$ 1,884,771	\$	9,514	\$	89,524	\$	1,983,809

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,615,555

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets was \$6,555,583 and the accumulated depreciation was \$1,890,725.

4,664,858

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. The details of these differences are as follows:

Interest payable	(15,223)
General obligation bonds	(4,040,000)
Premium on general obligation bonds	(232,358)
Capital leases	(52,618)
Compensated absences	(76,845)

(4,417,044)

Certain receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. The details of these differences are as follows:

Property taxes	9,318
Court fines	105,260
Franchise taxes	115,912

230,490

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,093,859

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

REVENUES	General	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 1,532,074	6	•	# 1 IV WAY 1700	
Sales and use	849,687	S -	\$ -	\$ 1,532,074	
Franchise		-	: -	849,687	
Hotel occupancy tax	227,077	5*		227,077	
Court fines and fees	160 277	(**)	14,617	14,617	
Licenses and permits	169,377	(#G	12,826	182,203	
Investment Earnings	195,780	:e:	**	195,780	
Contributions	1,236	-	5	1,241	
Other revenue	3,548	-	2,155	5,703	
Total revenues	<u>40,088</u> <u>3,018,867</u>		29,603	<u>40,088</u> <u>3,048,470</u>	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	308,822			(***)	
Development services	201,157	-		308,822	
Legislative	69,291		5	201,157	
Municipal court	90,430		-	69,291	
Police	960,412		13,401	103,831	
Fire and rescue	574,454		11,952	972,364	
Public works parks & roads	121,392		5	574,454	
Tourism	121,392		-	121,392	
Debt service:	•	÷	5,457	5,457	
Principal	50,699	225 000			
Interest and fiscal charges	4,711	335,000	*	385,699	
Total expenditures	2,381,368	114,250 449,250	30,810	2,861,428	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 637,499	\$ (449,250)	\$ (1,207)	\$ 187,042	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	112,660	449,250		561,910	
Transfers out	(449,250)	-	(758)	(450,008)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(336,590)	449,250	(758)	111,902	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	300,909		(1,965)	298,944	
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2013	1,225,165	9,514	81,932	1,316,611	
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	\$ 1,526,074	\$ 9,514	\$ 79,967	\$ 1,615,555	

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes is Fund Balances of The Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 298,944
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including \$79,434 of capital outlays and \$385,699 of debt principal payments is to increase net assets.	465,133
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(333,493)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Changes in these balances are reported as expenses in the governmental activities of the Statement of Activities.	
Interest payable 2,240	
Premium on bonds 29,924	
Compensated absences (8,351)	
	23,813
Revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	3,731
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 458,128

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2014

	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Totals
ASSETS:				Totals
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,303,131	\$ 194,669	\$ 82,893	\$ 2,580,693
Certificates of deposit	o riedoniano.	27,366	02,075	27,366
Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):		27,000		21,300
Accounts	227,568	52,476	29,968	310,012
Restricted Assets:		22,170	25,500	310,012
Cash and cash equivalents	611,683	-	_	611,683
Certificates of deposit	684,074			684,074
Total current assets	3,826,456	274,511	112,861	4,213,828
Noncurrent Assets:				
Due from other funds	877,226			977 336
Capital assets, at cost:	077,220	•	-	877,226
Non-depreciable capital assets	345,816	1,077,912		
Depreciable capital assets	8,437,428			1,423,728
Less: accumulated depreciation		1,530,607	*	9,968,035
Capital assets, net	(3,447,398)	(680,422)	-	(4,127,820)
Total noncurrent assets	5,335,846	1,928,097		7,263,943
Total Hollowitch assets	6,213,072	1,928,097		8,141,169
Total assets	\$ 10,039,528	\$ 2,202,608	\$ 112,861	\$ 12,354,997
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 142,924	\$ 196,323	\$ 30,705	\$ 369,952
Payroll liabilities	12,456	3,760	3 30,703	16,216
Due to other funds	29,519	-	5	29,519
Compensated absences	20,503	6,321	S 2	26,824
Lawsuit settlement payable		220,000	2 2	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	310,000	14,676	5	220,000
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:	,	11,070	-	324,676
Interest payable	9,386	2		0.296
Customer deposits payable	110,607	= = =		9,386
Total current liabilities	635,395	441,080	30,705	110,607
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Due to other funds	2	877,226		977.226
Accrued administrative penalty	2	15,899	•	877,226
Bonds payable	2,518,295	13,099	-	15,899
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,518,295	893,125		2,518,295 3,411,420
Total liabilities	3,153,690	1,334,205	30,705	4,518,600
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		-1		7,510,000
Unearned Revenue				
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,600	51,030	- 60	70,630
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,600	51,030	-	70,630
NET POSITION:				
Investment in capital assets, net of debt	3,697,470	1,928,097		5,625,567
Restricted impact fees (Expendable)	401,242	.,,		
Unrestricted	2,767,526	(1,110,724)	82,156	401,242
Total net position	\$ 6,866,238	\$ 817,373	\$ 82,156	1,738,958 \$ 7,765,767
notes to the financial statements are an	0,000,200	9 017,373	9 62,130	\$ 7,765,767
ral part of this statement.	19			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Totals
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,415,430	\$ 361,515	\$ 205,672	\$ 1,982,617
Tap fees	5,560	3,883	-	9,443
Other fees	45,287	-	2	45,287
·			P(
Total operating revenue	1,466,277	365,398	205,672	2,037,347
Operating expenses:				
Personnel	370,519	123,384	15,594	509,497
Supplies	152,408	34,577	201 2 2	186,985
Contractual services	319,534	124,819	162,900	607,253
Utilities	127,751	40,694	-	168,445
Bad debts	13,251	827	769	14,847
Depreciation	232,169	38,052		270,221
Total operating expenses	1,215,632	362,353	179,263	1,757,248
Operating income (loss)	250,645	3,045	26,409	280,099
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	3,701	364	17	4,082
Interest expense	(54,424)	-	-	(54,424)
Debt issuance costs	(46,968)			(46,968)
Debt issuance costs	(10,500)			(10,500)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(97,691)	364	17_	(97,310)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	152,954	3,409	26,426	182,789
Capital contributions and transfers:				
Capital Contributions	1,239	-	_	1,239
Transfers out	(96,687)	(15,215)	-	(111,902)
Total capital contributions and transfers	(95,448)	(15,215)	-	(110,663)
		(10,210)		(110,000)
Special item				
Lawsuit settlement		(220,000)		(220,000)
Change in Net Position	57,506	(231,806)	26,426	(147,874)
Net Position, October 1, 2013	6,808,732	1,049,179	55,730	7,913,641
Net Position, September 30, 2014	\$ 6,866,238	\$ 817,373	\$ 82,156	\$ 7,765,767

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Cook flows from an extra	·	Water Wastewater		Solid Waste		Totals		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	197							
	\$	1,439,130	\$	360,395	\$	204,297	\$	2,003,822
Cash paid to suppliers		(831,482)		(21,846)		(161,562)		(1,014,890)
Cash paid to employees	-	(375,903)		(119,957)				(495,860)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	231,745		218,592		42,735		493,072
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers out		(96,687)		(15.215)				na santairea i rean escanoviri
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	(96,687)	_	(15,215)	-		_	(111,902)
A 9 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		(70,007)	-	(15,215)	-		-	(111,902)
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities:								
Interfund loans		21,005		0,=0		2		21,005
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		685,000		-				685,000
Principal payments on long-term debt		(300,000)		-		2		(300,000)
Capital grants and contributions		1,239		_		ā		1,239
Capital expenditures		(136,124)		(958,995)		2		
Bond issuance costs		(46,968)		(200,222)		5		(1,095,119)
Interest paid on bonds		(71,825)		-				(46,968)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		152,327		(958,995)		— <u>:</u>	-	(71,825)
Cook flow from Level 1				(,,,	8			(000,000)
Cash flow from investing activities:								
Investment earnings		3,701		364		17		4,082
Reinvested in certificates of deposits		(2,642)		(136)		021		(2,778)
Proceeds from maturities of certificates of deposits	-	1,051,432				-		1,051,432
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	1,052,491		228		17		1,052,736
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,339,876		(755,390)		42,752		627,238
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	<u> </u>	1,574,938		950,059		40,141		2,565,138
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	2,914,814	\$	194,669	\$	82,893	\$	3,192,376
Reconciliation of Operating Income to								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	250,645	\$	3,045	•	26 400	•	200 000
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		250,045		3,043	_\$_	26,409	_\$_	280,099
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		232,169		20.052				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(21,702)		38,052		-		270,221
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(231,789)		(4,176)		(606)		(26,484)
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		4,256		190,474		16,932		(24,383)
Increase (decrease) in customer meter deposits		7,806		2,445		-		6,701
Increase (decrease) in accrued administrative penalty				(12.220)		-		7,806
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(0.640)		(12,230)				(12,230)
Total adjustments		(18,900)	_	982	-	16.006	_	(8,658)
		(18,900)		215,547	-	16,326	_	212,973
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	231,745	\$	218,592	\$	42,735	\$	493,072

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Willow Park, Texas (the City) was formed as an incorporated City in 1963. The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member council and provides the following services to the citizens of the City: administration, development services, municipal court, police, fire and rescue, public works, water, wastewater and solid waste.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is considered financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these considerations, the Willow Park Fire and Rescue has been included in the City's reporting entity as a component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Willow Park Fire and Rescue is a 501(c)4 non-profit organization responsible for providing fire and rescue services in the City. The organization is governed by a 5 member board of directors that is not appointed by the City Council. The organization functions independently of the City however the City provides payroll and bookkeeping services for the organization. The Willow Park Fire and Rescue is financially dependent on the City to provide revenue. During the year ended September 30, 2014 the City contributed \$560,783 to the Willow Park Fire and Rescue. Willow Park Fire and Rescue does not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separately component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, however, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives payment.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water fund accounts for the operation of the water system.

The wastewater fund accounts for the operation of the wastewater system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges and transfers between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which cannot be eliminated.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds, distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments that are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Enterprise funds accounts receivable aged 90 days or more comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$174,364. The property tax receivable and municipal court allowances of \$9,318 and \$947,341 are equal to 50% and 90% respectively of the outstanding balances at September 30, 2014.

3. Unbilled Service

Utility operating revenues (water, wastewater, and solid waste) are billed on monthly cycles. The City records estimated revenues for services delivered during the fiscal year, which will be billed during the next fiscal year. Unbilled service reported in accounts receivable of the enterprise funds was \$120,234 at September 30, 2014.

4. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid expenses in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and proprietary funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the water fund during the current fiscal year was \$54,424. Of this amount \$0 was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with water and sewer construction projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government and component unit are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Water and wastewater systems	25 - 40 years

6. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensatory time, vacation leave, sick leave and holiday time benefits. Nonexempt employees may earn compensatory time in lieu of being paid overtime. Employees may carry over 120 hours of compensatory time and upon separation from employment will be paid for the time at their hourly rate at the time of termination. Employees may carry over a maximum of 240 hours of vacation leave and upon termination will be paid for vacation time up to 240 hours at their hourly rate at the time of termination. Employees may carry over a maximum of 480 hours of sick leave however upon termination, resignation or other separation from employment, no payment will be made for unused sick leave. Police employees may accrue holiday time when they work on a holiday up to a maximum of 104 hours each year. Upon termination, resignation or other separation from employment, no payment will be made for unused holiday time. A liability for the accrued compensatory time and vacation leave amounts are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements but in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuances cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as prepaid expenses or inventory) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowment funds).

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint (City Council ordinance).

Assigned – includes amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances of the governmental funds are as follows:

Restricted:		General Fund	S	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Debt service	\$	_	\$	9,514	\$	- 12	\$	9,514
Municipal court	7	-		-	Ψ	26,896	Φ	26,896
Police		-		2		37,634		37,634
Tourism				-		15,437		15,437
Public educational governmental fees		21,280		9		-		21,280
Unassigned		1,504,794		2				1,504,794
	\$	1,526,074	\$	9,514	\$	79,967	\$	1,615,555

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted fund balance to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been first spent out of committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned as needed.

The City Council adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund. The policy requires the City to strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of 75 days of annual budgeted expenditures. At the end of the year, the unassigned fund balance of \$1,504,794 was \$856,032 above the minimum fund balance requirement of \$648,762.

9. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The City's deposits are required to be collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance. At September 30, 2014, the City's deposits were covered by FDIC Insurance or collateralized with securities held by the bank's agent in the City's name.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 2: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

B. Investments

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas and agencies thereof; other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the State of Texas or United States; obligations of the states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm, and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; secured certificates of deposit of state and national banks domiciled in Texas; fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies; and joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas. Investments are stated at fair value except for short-term highly liquid investments which are stated at cost or amortized cost. During the year ended September 30, 2014, the City did not own any types of securities other than those permitted by statute.

The City invests idle funds in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Fund (TexSTAR). TexSTAR is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The investment pool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2A7 of the Investment Act of 1940. The Pool is required to maintain a market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the values of its shares.

Credit Risk-Investments

The City controls credit risk by limiting its investments to those instruments allowed by its investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its risk of market price changes by avoiding over-concentration of assets in specific maturity sectors, limitation of average maturity of operating funds investments to one year, and avoidance of over-concentration of assets in specific instruments other than U.S. Treasury Securities and insured or collateralized certificates of deposit.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 2: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

The City's investments at September 30, 2014 included the following:

Investment	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturities	Percentage of Total Investments	Cost	Fair Value
TexSTAR Pool	AAAm	83 days	100.00%	\$ 1,495,791	\$ 1,495,791
				\$ 1,495,791	\$ 1,495,791

The City's investments are included with cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements.

C. Restricted Assets

The following cash and cash equivalents and certificates of deposit in the enterprise funds are restricted for the following purposes:

		Ce	ertificates	
	Cash	0	f Deposit	Total
Enterprise Funds				
Customer deposits	\$	\$	104,810	\$ 104,810
2003 bond funds	1,087		579,264	580,351
2003 tax and revenue certificates	833			833
2014 bonds	609,763			609,763
Total	\$ 611,683	\$	684,074	\$ 1,295,757

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAX

The City's property tax is levied (assessed) each October 1, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real property and personal property located in the City. The appraisal property within the City is the responsibility of a countywide appraisal district as required by legislation passed by the Texas Legislature. The appraisal district is required under such legislation to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every three years; however, the government may, at its own expense require annual reviews of appraised values. The government may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Taxes are billed and due on October 1 each year. The last date for payment without penalty is the following January 31. Delinquent penalties are added on February 1. Liens attach to the properties on the February 1 following levy date. Parker County Appraisal District bills and collects the property taxes for the City.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAX (Continued)

In the governmental funds the City's property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables available for financing current operations. The remaining receivables are reflected in deferred revenue.

NOTE 4: <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental fund balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items in this category: unavailable revenues for the governmental funds and unearned revenue in the proprietary funds. At the end of the fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

	_	vernmental Funds	_		Enter	prise Fund	S	
	v <u></u>	General		Water	W	astewater		Total
Property taxes receivable	\$	9,318	\$	24	\$		\$	
Franchise tax receivable		115,912	0.70	2-6	4	_	Ψ	
Court fines and fees receivable		105,260				-		-
Developer contributions		-		19,600		51,030		70,630
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	230,490	\$	19,600	\$	51,030	\$	70,630

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds at September 30, 2014, is as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount	Purpose
Debt Service	General	449,250	Debt Service
General	Tourism	758	Tourism
General	Water	96,687	Capital Improvements
General	Wastewater	15,215	Capital Improvements
Total Governmental	Funds Transfers In	\$ 561,910	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The composition of interfund receivables and payables for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds at September 30, 2014, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Am	ount
General	Water	\$	21,005
Debt Service	Water		8,514
Total Governmental F	unds	\$	29,519
Water	Wastewater	\$	877,226

The debt service fund receivable is due to transfers from the water fund for debt service that were less than the water fund's share of the debt service payment. The general fund receivable is due to 2014 bond issuance costs paid by the general fund for the water fund.

The water fund loaned the wastewater fund \$877,226 during the prior fiscal year for lift station improvements. The loan is to be repaid in annual installments over 20 years at 0% interest.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Non - Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 126,024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 126,024
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	21,650	-	21,650
Total non-depreciable assets	126,024	21,650		147,674
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	416,902	*		416,902
Furniture and equipment	181,040	57,784	-	238,824
Vehicles	418,842	- 50	(24,202)	394,640
Infrastructure	5,357,543	7		5,357,543
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,374,327	57,784	(24,202)	6,407,909
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(121,253)	(11,570)		(132,823)
Furniture and equipment	(154,785)	(9,016)	: =:	(163,801)
Vehicles	(254,953)	(45,030)	24,202	(275,781)
Infrastructure	(1,050,443)	(267,877)	<u></u> _	(1,318,320)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,581,434)	(333,493)	24,202	(1,890,725)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,918,917	\$ (254,059)	\$ -	\$ 4,664,858
assets, net	\$ 4,918,917	\$ (254,059)	2 -	\$ 4,004,838

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:	Datanee	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Non - Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 383,897	\$ -	s -	\$ 383,897
Construction in Progress	16,385	1,023,446	-	1,039,831
Total non-depreciable assets	400,282	1,023,446		1,423,728
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	79,050	-	-	79,050
Furniture and equipment	131,729	24,207		155,936
Vehicles	230,003	2	-	230,003
Water system	7,957,384	47,466	-	8,004,850
Wastewater system	1,498,196		-	1,498,196
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,896,362	71,673		9,968,035
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(17,646)	(1,976)	-	(19,622)
Furniture and equipment	(122,648)	(3,051)	-	(125,699)
Vehicles	(172,788)	(20,975)	543	(193,763)
Water system	(2,924,591)	(206,313)	· ·	(3,130,904)
Wastewater system	(619,926)	(37,906)	· ·	(657,832)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,857,599)	(270,221)	-	(4,127,820)
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 6,439,045	\$ 824,898	\$ -	\$ 7,263,943
Component Unit:				
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 131,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 131,069
Furniture and equipment	1,058,989	28,523	(21,929)	1,065,583
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,190,058	28,523	(21,929)	1,196,652
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(14,726)	(3,630)	_	(18,356)
Furniture and equipment	(611,139)	(76,988)	21,929	(666,198)
Total accumulated depreciation	(625,865)	(80,618)	21,929	(684,554)
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 564,193	\$ (52,095)	\$ -	\$ 512,098

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administration	\$ 10,213
Development services	245
Police	51,806
Public works parks & roads	271,229
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 333,493
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 232,169
Wastewater	 38,052
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 270,221
Component Unit:	
Fire and rescue	\$ 80,618
Total depreciation expense - component unit	\$ 80,618

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Leases Payable

Governmental Activities:

In December 2012 the City entered into a \$156,887 capital lease for 5 police vehicles. The lease is considered a capital lease for accounting purposes and, accordingly, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The lease is due in annual installments of \$54,609 including interest at 4.43%. The lease is secured by the police vehicles.

Total capital assets acquired through capital leases were as follows:

577.77%	vernmental activities
3.7	
\$	153,052
	(51,017)
\$	102,035

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Capital Leases Payable (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2014, were as follows:

Year Ending	Gov	Governmental			
September 30,	A	ctivities			
2015	\$	54,610			
Less: interest portion		1,992			
Obligations under capital lease	\$	52,618			

B. Notes Payable

The Willow Park Fire and Rescue component unit borrowed \$267,438 in 2011 to purchase a fire truck. The loan is due in annual installments of \$32,296 including interest at 3.75% through October 15, 2020. The annual debt service requirements to maturity as of September 30, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ending	Fire and rescue									
September 30,	Principal		_1	nterest	Total					
2015	\$	24,963	\$	7,333	\$	32,296				
2016		25,899		6,397		32,296				
2017		26,870		5,425		32,295				
2018		27,878		4,418		32,296				
2019		28,923		3,372		32,295				
2020 - 2024	-	61,005	_	3,450		64,455				
	\$	195,538	_\$_	30,395	\$	225,933				

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

C. Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Certificates of obligation are secured by surplus revenues of the water and wastewater funds and ad valorem taxes. Bonds outstanding are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
\$2,665,000; 2010 Refunding bond due in annual installments through February 15, 2021 at interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%.	\$ 410,000	\$ 1,175,000
\$5,135,000; 2012 Refunding bond due in annual installments through February 15, 2023 at interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%.	3,630,000	850,000
\$685,000; 2014 Combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation due in annual installments installments through February 15, 2035 at interest		
rates ranging from 0.00% to 2.59%.		685,000
	\$ 4,040,000	\$ 2,710,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2014, are as follows:

Bonds	Paya	ble
-------	------	-----

Year Ending	Ending Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities							
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total						
2015	\$ 360,000	\$ 106,800	\$ 466,800	\$ 310,000	\$ 70,863	\$ 380,863						
2016	385,000	98,825	483,825	355,000	62,213	417,213						
2017	405,000	90,100	495,100	365,000	51,988	416,988						
2018	425,000	80,700	505,700	380,000	40,138	420,138						
2019	455,000	68,775	523,775	190,000	31,338	221,338						
2020 - 2024	2,010,000	122,875	2,132,875	700,000	81,065	781,065						
2025 - 2029	10=0		-	175,000	37,516	212,516						
2030 - 2034	72		<u></u>	195,000	17,456	212,456						
2035 - 2039				40,000	518	40,518						
	\$ 4,040,000	\$ 568,075	\$ 4,608,075	\$ 2,710,000	\$ 393,095	\$ 3,103,095						

D. Administrative Penalty

In 2013 the City was assessed a \$44,038 penalty by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality for violations at the wastewater treatment facility. The City has made eleven payments of \$1,223 and will continue to pay the balance in 25 monthly payments of \$1,223 with no interest.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

E. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance			R	etirements		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,375,000	\$	-	\$	335,000	\$.	4,040,000	\$	360,000	
Bond premiums	262,282				29,924		232,358			
Total bonds payable	4,637,282		:-		364,924	4	4,272,358		360,000	
Capital leases	103,317		-		50,699		52,618		52,618	
Compensated absences	68,494	_	76,845	_	68,494		76,845		76,845	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,809,093	_\$_	76,845	\$	484,117	\$ 4	4,401,821	\$	489,463	
Business-type Activities:										
Certificates of obligation	\$ -	\$	685,000	\$	<u>~</u> 0	\$	685,000	\$:= :	
General obligation bonds	2,325,000		-	137	300,000	0.000	2,025,000		310,000	
Bond premiums	136,026		-		17,731		118,295		-	
Total bonds payable	2,461,026		685,000		317,731	- 2	2,828,295		310,000	
Accrued administrative penalty	42,805				12,230		30,575		14,676	
Compensated absences	35,482		26,824		35,482		26,824		26,824	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 2,539,313		711,824	\$	365,443	\$ 2	2,885,694	\$	351,500	
Fire and Rescue										
Notes payable	\$ 219,613	\$	-	\$	24,075	_\$_	195,538	\$	24,963	
Total Fire and Rescue	\$ 219,613	\$		\$	24,075	\$	195,538	\$	24,963	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 7,568,019	\$	788,669	\$	873,635	\$ 7	7,483,053	\$	865,926	

Compensated absences of the governmental activities and business-type activities are paid by the general fund and water and wastewater funds, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League and participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Pool. Premiums are paid to the Pool who administers all claims. The City retains, as a risk, only the deductible amount of each policy. The City has maintained insurance coverage in all major categories of risk comparable to that of the prior year with no reduction in coverage. The amount of settlements during the past three years has not exceeded the insurance coverage.

NOTE 9: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statues of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS's website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows for both the 2013 and 2014 plan years:

Employee Deposit Rate:	5%
Matching Ratio (city to employee)	1 to 1
Years required before vesting	5 years
Service retirement eligibility (age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	0%
Annuity Increases (to retirees)	0% of CPI

CITY OF WILLOW PARK, TEXAS Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 9: <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u> (Continued)

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method (EAN was first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation; previously, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method had been used). This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate for an employee is the contribution rate which, if applied to a member's compensation throughout their period of anticipated covered service with the municipality, would be sufficient to meet all benefits payable on their behalf. The salary-weighted average of the individual rates is the total normal cost rate. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annual repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The city contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

Fiscal Year		2012		2013		2014
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	58,083	\$	25,173	S	29,020
Interest on Net Pension Obligation		-		+		
Adjustment to ARC		-		-	U-W	
Annual Pension Cost (APC)		58,083		25,173	7	29,020
Contributions Made	7	(58,083)		(25,173)		(29,020)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation		-	-	-	*	
Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), beginning of year		<u>=</u>		-		-
Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), end of year	\$		\$		\$	
Contributions as a percentage of APC		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 9: RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2014 were determined as part of the December 31, 2011 and 2012 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2013, also follows:

General System-wide Actuarial Assumptions									
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/11	12/31/12	12/31/13						
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Entry Age Normal						
Amortization Method	Level Percent	Level Percent	Level Percent						
	of Payoll	of Payoll	of Payoll						
GASB 25 Equivalent Single									
Amortization Period	20.9 Years-Closed	19.9 Years-Closed	25.0Years-Closed						
Amortization Period for new									
Gains/Losses	25 years	25 years	25 years						
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed						
Actuarial Assumptions:									
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%						
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age	Varies by age	Varies by age						
na 50 ∙ 3 1000 hillim attaur 12 3 − 7 femous 2007-2016.	and service	and service	and service						
Includes Inflation At	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%						
Cost of Living Adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%						

Funding Status and Funding Progress

In October 2013, TMRS Board approved actuarial changes in (a) the funding method from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal, (b) the post-retirement mortality assumptions used in calculating liabilities and contribution rates and in the development of the Annuity Purchase Rate factors, and (c) the amortization policy. These actuarial changes were effective with the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. For a complete description of the new actuarial cost method and assumptions, please see the December 31, 2013 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The funded status as of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is presented as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	- 5	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (ALL)	Funded Ratio	17.00 m	Infunded L (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2013	\$	588,069	\$ 715,372	82.2%	\$	127,303	\$ 1,391,744	9.1%

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 9: RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Supplemental Death Benefits Fund

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit" or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The city's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012 were equal to the required contributions each year.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 11: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

July 2011 a suit was filed against the city alleging payment was due for professional engineering services. The suit went to trial in March 2015. A jury awarded the plaintiff \$183,280 plus interest. In April 2015 the City paid \$220,000 in final settlement of the lawsuit. \$220,000 has been accrued as a liability in the wastewater fund.

The City is a defendant in another lawsuit filed by a former employee. City management and the City's legal counsel have not formed a judgment about whether it is either probable or remote that the outcome of this claim will be unfavorable to the City however City management believes an unfavorable outcome would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 12: CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

A. Construction Commitments

September 17, 2013, the City awarded a \$1,125,168 contract for wastewater system improvements. This project was funded with a loan from the water fund to the wastewater fund. \$871,374 of the project was completed at September 30, 2014.

July 8, 2014, the City awarded a \$445,670 contract for street improvements. Construction had not started at September 30, 2014. The project will be funded by the general fund.

September 9, 2014, the City awarded a \$806,297 contract for water line rehabilitation. Construction had not started at September 30, 2014. The project will be funded with the 2014 combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation.

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Effective October 1, 2015, the City incorporated the component unit, Willow Park Fire and Rescue, as a department of the City. The assets have been conveyed to the City and the City has refinanced the debt of Willow Park Fire and Rescue.

Subsequent events were evaluated through May 5, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 16: FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

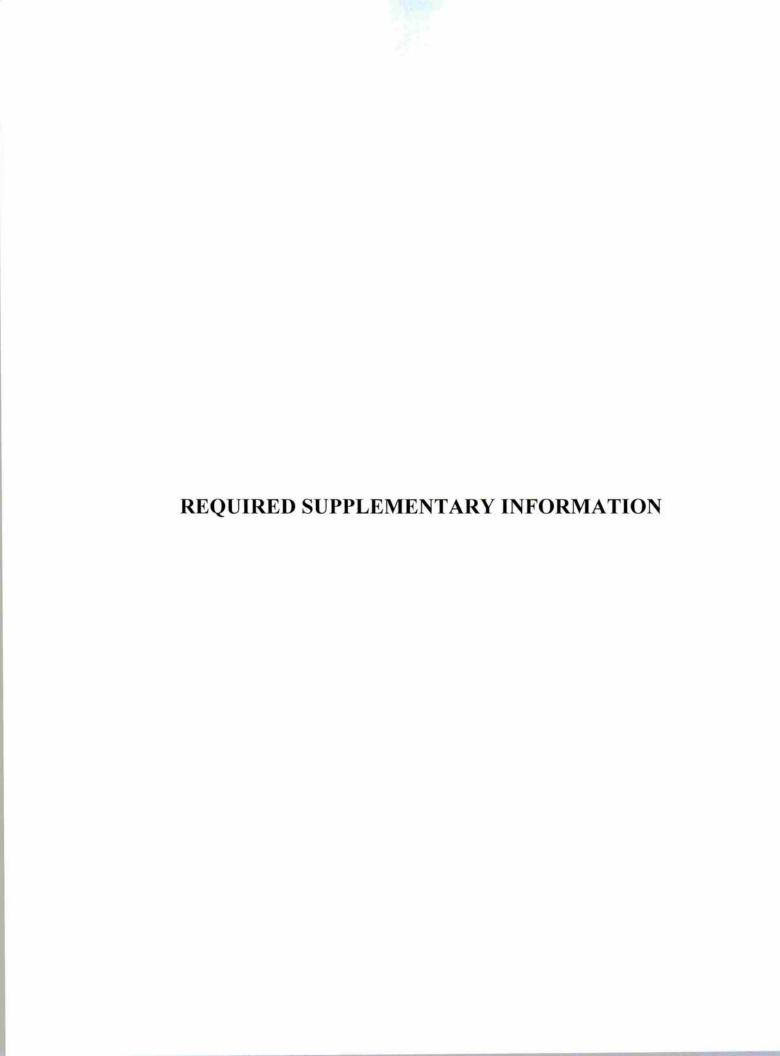
In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – and amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. This Statement is to improve the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. This Statement will require government-wide and proprietary fund statements to recognize a liability equal to the net pension liability and that changes in the net pension liability be included in pension expense in

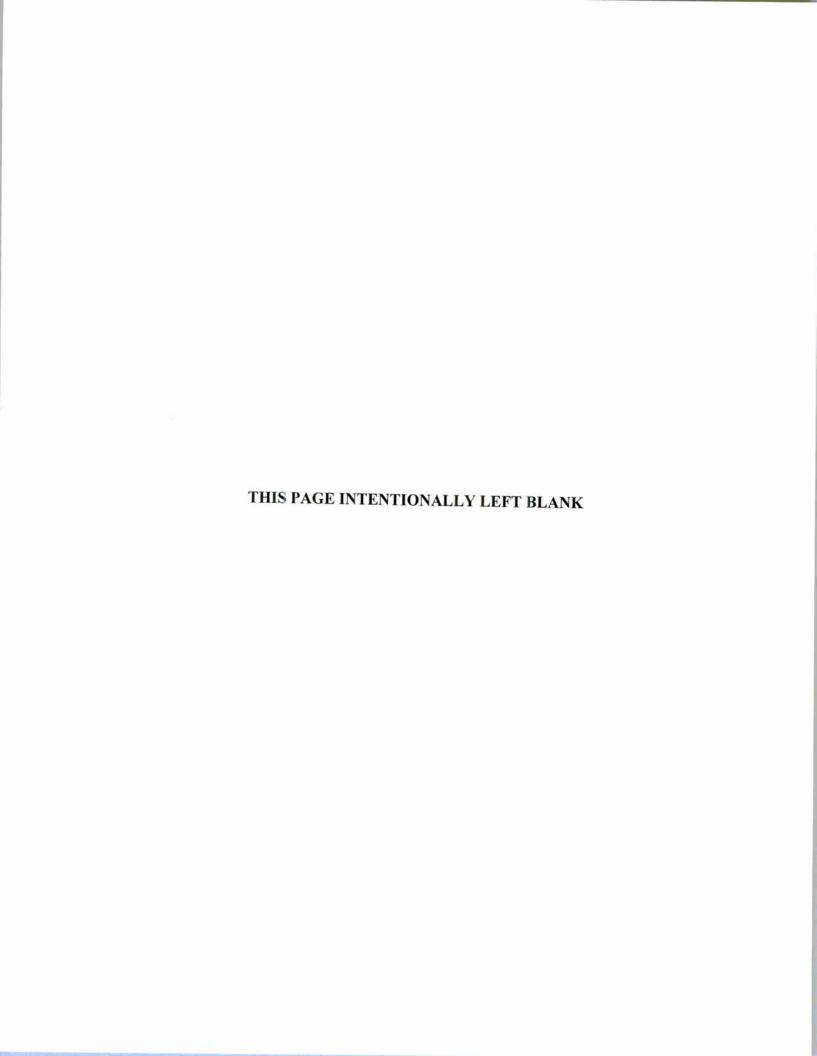
Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2014

NOTE 16: FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

the period of the change. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The City has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date — an amendment of GASB No. 68. This Statement addresses issues related to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement will be implemented with GASB Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015.





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Buc	dget	Actual Amounts GAAP	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 1,627,073	\$ 1,603,976	\$ 1,532,074	\$ (71,902)		
Sales and use	681,153	807,628	849,687	42,059		
Franchise	210,824	210,824	227,077	16,253		
Court fines and fees	177,345	174,465	169,377	(5,088)		
Licenses and permits	193,930	174,130	195,780	21,650		
Investment Earnings	7.	-	1,236	1,236		
Contributions	st.	350	3,548	3,548		
Other revenue	5,300	5,300	40,088	34,788		
Total revenues	2,895,625	2,976,323	3,018,867	42,544		
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Administration	190,953	243,992	308,822	(64,830)		
Development services	218,514	220,537	201,157	19,380		
Legislative	168,177	168,285	69,291	98,994		
Municipal court	102,185	102,750	90,430	12,320		
Police	1,019,728	1,041,247	960,412	80,835		
Fire and rescue	561,299	561,299	574,454	(13,155)		
Public works parks & roads	241,004	544,448	121,392	423,056		
Debt service:						
Principal	24,075	223,279	50,699	172,580		
Interest and fiscal charges	8,220	8,220	4,711	3,509		
Total expenditures	2,534,155	3,114,057	2,381,368	732,689		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 361,470	\$ (137,734)	\$ 637,499	\$ 775,233		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	(₩.)	2 9 3	118,071	118,071		
Transfers out	(11,124)	(11,124)	(454,661)	(443,537)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,124)	(11,124)	(336,590)	(325,466)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	350,346	(148,858)	300,909	449,767		
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2013	1,225,165	1,225,165	1,225,165			
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	\$ 1,575,511	\$ 1,076,307	\$ 1,526,074	\$ 449,767		

Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (ALL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2011	409,822	621,023	66.0%	211,201	1,300,300	16.2%
12/31/2012	513,785	711,958	72.2%	198,173	1,354,356	14.6%
12/31/2013	588,069	715,372	82.2%	127,303	1,391,744	9.1%

CITY OF WILLOW PARK, TEXAS Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2014

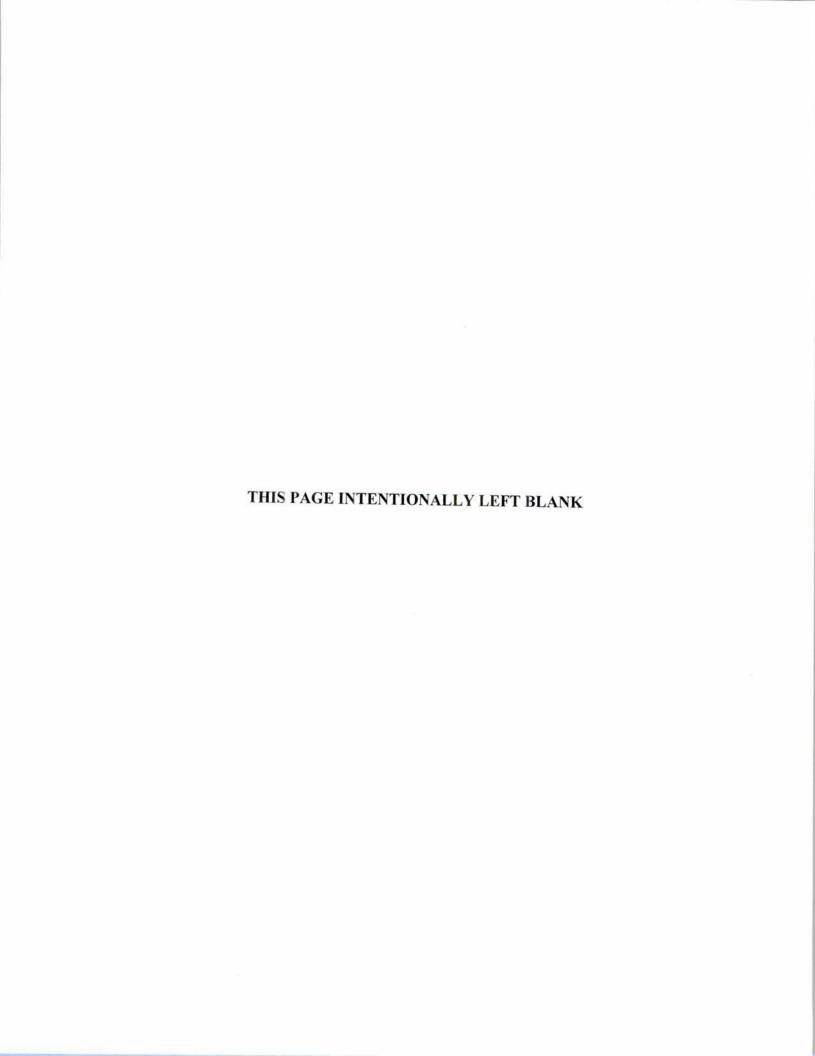
1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The City Council follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council proposed operating budgets. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Encumbrances lapse at year-end.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The expenditures of the general fund were less than appropriations by \$732,689.



COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

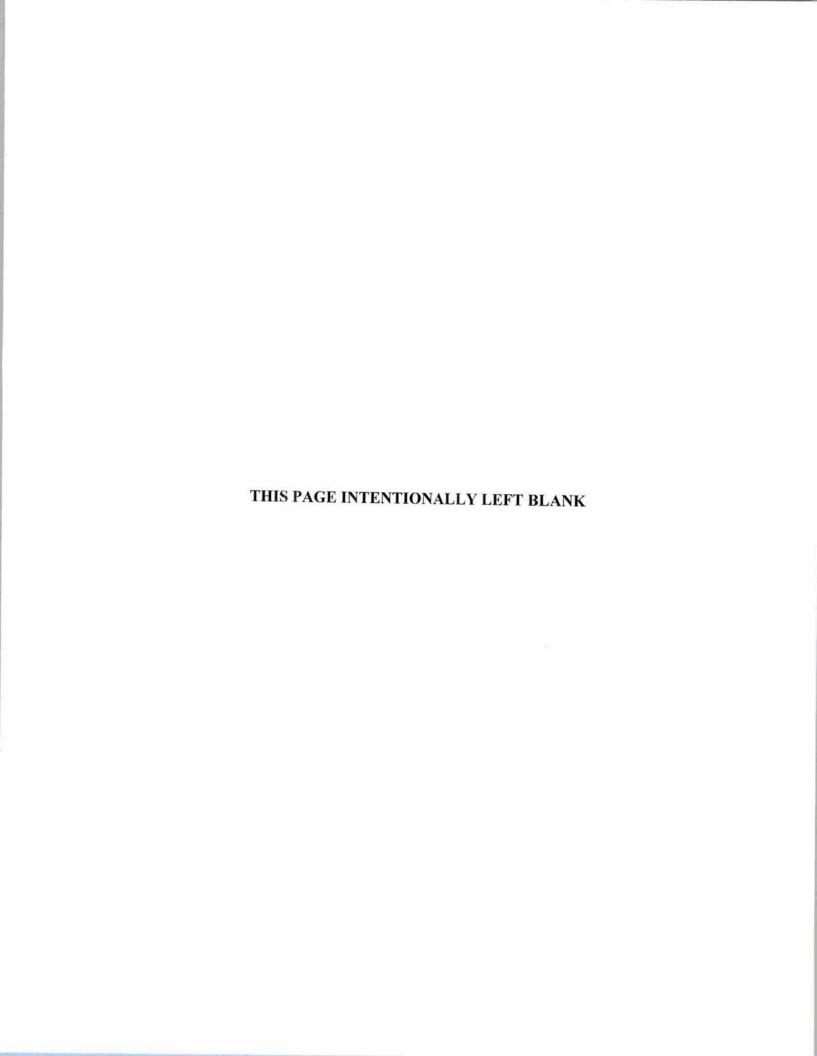
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds											
				Court	Seizure gy Fund		Tourism Fund		Total Special Revenue			Total onmajor Funds
Assets:												
Cash and investments Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	7,077	\$	29,376	\$	37,634	\$	12,219	\$	86,306	\$	86,306
Miscellaneous		-	_					3,218	_	3,218		3,218
Total assets		7,077	_\$_	29,376	_\$	37,634	\$	15,437	\$	89,524	\$	89,524
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	_\$_	<u> </u>	_\$_	9,557	_\$		_\$		\$	9,557	_\$_	9,557
Total liabilities	1		-	9,557	_				_	9,557	_	9,557
Fund balance:												
Restricted		7,077	_	19,819	_	37,634		15,437	_	79,967	_	79,967
Total fund balance		7,077		19,819		37,634		15,437	-	79,967	_	79,967
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	7,077	\$	29,376	\$	37,634	\$	15,437	\$	89,524	\$	89,524

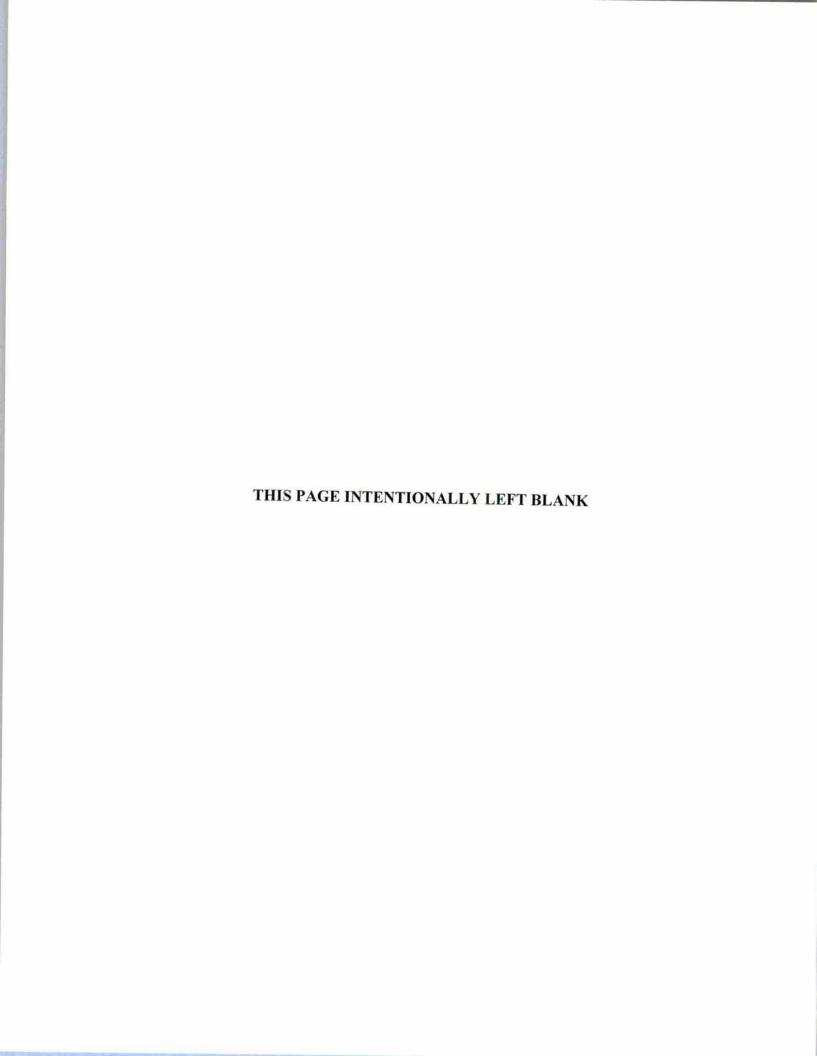
Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds												
-		Court Security		Court Technology		Seizure Fund		Tourism Fund		Total Special Revenue		Total Nonmajor Funds	
Revenues:	27		123		22		22	5 3 252	- 2	1919 5512			
Hotel occupancy tax	\$	e l	\$		\$	*	\$	14,617	\$	14,617	\$	14,617	
Court fines and fees		5,502		7,324		-		1.7		12,826		12,826	
Investment earnings		1,5		5		2. 7		-		5		5	
Contributions			_		_		_	2,155		2,155	_	2,155	
Total revenues		5,502	_	7,329	_		-	16,772	_	29,603	_	29,603	
Expenditures:													
Current:													
Municipal court		994		12,407		100		₩.		13,401		13,401	
Police		E.		1) 😅		11,952		*		11,952		11,952	
Tourism	_		-		_		_	5,457		5,457	_	5,457	
Total expenditures		994		12,407		11,952		5,457		30,810		30,810	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over													
(under) expenditures	_	4,508		(5,078)		(11,952)		11,315		(1,207)		(1,207)	
Other financing sources (uses):													
Transfers out		-			_			(758)	_	(758)	_	(758)	
Total other financing sources (uses):	_		_				_	(758)	_	(758)		(758)	
Net change in fund balances		4,508		(5,078)		(11,952)		10,557		(1,965)		(1,965)	
Fund Balance, October 1, 2013	-	2,569	,	24,897	_	49,586	_	4,880	-	81,932	_	81,932	
Fund Balance, September 30, 2014	\$	7,077	\$	19,819	\$	37,634	\$	15,437	\$	79,967	\$	79,967	



OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Willow Park, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Willow Park Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit

attention by those charged with governance. We consider deficiencies 2014-1 and 2014-2 described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Willow Park's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Willow Park's Response to Findings

The City of Willow Park's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

George, Morgan & Sneed, P.C.

Weatherford, Texas

May 5, 2015

CITY OF WILLOW PARK

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Financial Statement Findings

2014-1. Utility Receivables and Deposits

Criteria: Utility accounts receivable and deposits subsidiary ledgers should agree with the balances in QuickBooks.

Condition: The City's uses utility billing software from AVR and QuickBooks accounting software. The two programs are not integrated. The City makes journal entries in QuickBooks for utility billing transactions processed through AVR. Audit adjustments of (\$38,891), \$34,716 and \$29,139 were required to reconcile the water fund accounts receivable, wastewater fund accounts receivable and utility deposits accounts to the AVR subsidiary ledger at 9/30/14.

Recommendation: We recommend that the accounts receivable report in AVR be reconciled to QuickBooks monthly.

2014-2. Audit Adjustments

Criteria: The City should have procedures to prevent the financial statements from containing material misstatements.

Condition: During the audit we proposed 46 audit adjustments. Approximately 22 of these adjustments were necessary to correct errors. The other adjustments were in the nature of accrual entries.

Approximately 9 of these entries were necessary to balance the funds of the City. The City uses QuickBooks accounting software and transactions that are not posted to the correct class will result in funds that do not balance.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City perform monthly reviews and reconciliations. We also recommend the City consider changing its accounting software to one more suited to a City.

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